

## The Position, on Hybrid Raptors in Falconry, of the International Association for Falconry and Conservation of Birds of Prey

The International Association for Falconry and Conservation of Birds of Prey (IAF) has examined in depth the practical and theoretical considerations that arise from the production of hybrid raptors. After a review of the available data and taking expert advice, we consider it unlikely that a problem for wildlife conservation will arise from the breeding of hybrid raptors if their loss to the wild is rare. We recommend, as a minimum, that:

- 1. hybrids be fostered if possible by a parent that does not occur locally in the wild;
- 2. hybrids only be hacked in large conditioning pens;
- 3. hybrids only be flown with reliable telemetry equipment;
- 4. maximum efforts be made to recover any hybrid that is lost;
- 5. hybrids should never be deliberately released.

We ask IAF member clubs to bring these considerations to the attention of falconers world-wide. We accept that individual clubs may feel obliged to endorse stricter measures. However, we strongly believe that self-regulation is preferable to regulatory supervision. In that spirit, we appreciate a growing tendency of falconers in some countries to fly pure-bred falcons rather than hybrids. We are keeping this issue under review and will remain actively involved in the political consultation processes at all levels of regulation.

Adopted by the delegates of the member states at Amarillo, Texas, on 21 November 2000.